

WHAT DOES MY LDL CHOLESTEROL NUMBER MEAN?

LDL (low-density lipoprotein) cholesterol, the "bad" cholesterol, can cause fatty buildup (plaque) in your arteries. It's important to know your number because **too much LDL cholesterol can increase your risk for heart attack and stroke.** High LDL typically does not have symptoms, so it's important to have your number checked by your health care professional.

What can impact my LDL level?

- **Family history of high cholesterol** A condition called familial hypercholesterolemia.
- Age LDL can rise with age.
- **Race and ethnicity** People of Asian Indian, Filipino, Japanese and Vietnamese descent may have higher LDL.
- **Sex** Until menopause, women tend to have lower LDL than men.
- **Unhealthy eating habits** Eating too much saturated fat, such as that found in some meat and dairy products.
- Not being physically active
- Tobacco use and exposure to secondhand smoke
- Heavy alcohol drinking
- Being overweight

4) How Low can I go with my LDL?

- Various research studies on LDL have shown "lower is better."
- Talk to your health care professional. If you're healthy, aim for an LDL below 100 mg/dL. If you have a history of heart attack or stroke and are already on a cholesterol-lowering medication, your health care professional may aim for your LDL to be 70 mg/dL or lower.



How often should I check my LDL?

Ask your health care professional for the right frequency for you . Generally:

- Healthy **adults 20-39 years old** should have their cholesterol checked **every four to six years**.
- Adults over age 40, or those who have heart disease (including prior heart attack) or other risk factors, may need their cholesterol checked more often.

Make a plan that works for you!

Work with your health care professional to create a plan to lower your LDL including regular testing and follow-up appointments to make sure it's working. They might ask you to:

- ✔ Focus on healthy eating
- ✓ Be physically active
- ✔ Maintain a healthy weight
- ✓ Take medication as prescribed

Be sure to write down questions or concerns and talk to your health care professional if you are struggling with the recommended plan.

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